

Lepton flavor violation induced by a neutral scalar at future lepton colliders

Yongchao Zhang Washington University in St. Louis

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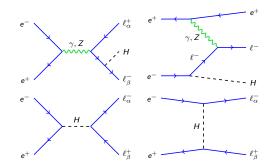
based on

P. S. B. Dev, R. N. Mohapatra & YCZ, **PRL120**(2018)221804 [1711.08430] (see also P. S. B. Dev, R. N. Mohapatra & YCZ, 1803.11167)

contributing to CEPC CDR & CLIC CERN Yellow Book

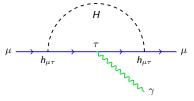
## Outline

- Motivations
- Effective LFV couplings of a (light) BSM neutral scalar H
- On-shell production of H at CEPC & ILC
- Off-shell production of H at CEPC & ILC
- Prospects and discussions



#### Motivation examples: LFV beyond SM

 muon g - 2 [Carena, Giudice, Wagner '96; Raidal+ '08; Wolfgang Altmannshofer, Carena, Crivellin '16]



H: beyond SM scalar

• neutrino mass generation [Dreiner, Nickel, Staub+ '12; de Gouvea, P. Vogel '13; Vicente '15; Lindner, Platscher, Queiroz '16]

charged LFV is always connected to neutrino mass generation by beyond SM scalars.

#### [see the talks by Rabindra Mohapatra & Goran Senjanović]

see also Altmannshofer, Gori Kagan+ '15; Altmannshofer, Eby, Gori '16

# Calling for New Physics...

- The LFV couplings of the SM Higgs h, e.g. y<sub>μτ</sub>; [Blankenburg, Ellis, Isidori '12; Harnik, Kopp, Zupan '12]
- Beyond SM doubly-charged scalars H<sup>±±</sup>, e.g. from type-II seesaw;
   [Fileviez Perez, Han, Huang+ '08; Rentala, Shepherd, Su '11; King, Merle, Panizzi '14]
- Beyond SM (light) neutral scalar H with LFV couplings  $h_{\alpha\beta}$
- Beyond SM neutral scalar:

its mass & the LFV couplings: model-dependent...

• The most efficient way to probe the LFV couplings:

future lepton colliders: CEPC, ILC, FCC-ee, CLIC

if the beyond scalar  ${\cal H}$  is hadrophobic and does not mixing sizably with the SM Higgs.

## Well-motivated underlying models

• RPV SUSY: LFV couplings of sneutrino to the charged leptons [Aulakh, Mohapatra '82; Hall,Suzuki '84; Ross, Valle '85, Barbier+ '04; Duggan, Evans, Hirschauer '13]

$$\mathcal{L}_{\mathrm{RPV}} = \frac{1}{2} \lambda_{lphaeta\gamma} \widehat{L}_{lpha} \widehat{L}_{eta} \widehat{E}_{\gamma}^{c}$$

• Left-right symmetric models: the *SU*(2)<sub>*R*</sub>-breaking scalar *H*<sub>3</sub> [Dev, Mohapatra, YCZ '16; '16; '17; Maiezza, Senjanović, Vasquez '16]

 LFV couplings are generated at tree and/or loop level
 2HDM: CP-even or odd (heavy) scalars from the 2nd doublet [Branco+ '11; Crivellin, Heeck, Stoffer '15]

LFV couplings are induced from small deviation from the lepton-specific structure.

• Mirror models: singlet scalar connecting the SM leptons to heavy mirror leptons [Hung '06, '07; Bu, Liao, Liu '08; Chang, Chang, Nugroho+ '16; Hung, Le, Tran+ '17]

LFV couplings arise from the SM-heavy lepton mixing

# Beyond SM neutral Higgs & effective LFV couplings

• Model-independent effective LFV couplings of H

 $\mathcal{L}_{Y} = h_{\alpha\beta} \overline{\ell}_{\alpha, L} H \ell_{\beta, R} + \text{H.c.}.$ 

For simplicity, we assume  $h_{\alpha\beta}$  are real, symmetric, H is CP-even.

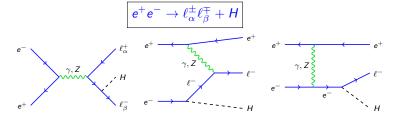
H might originate from a isospin singlet, doublet or triplet, depending on specific underlying models.

 Effective Dim-4 couplings ≠ Effective 4-fermion couplings like <sup>1</sup>/<sub>Λ<sup>2</sup></sub>(ēe)(ēμ) [Kabachenko, Pirogov '97; Ferreira, Guedes, Santos '06; Aranda, Flores-Tlalpa, Ramirez-Zavaleta+ '09; Murakami, Tait '14; Cho, Shimo '14]

 $m_H < \sqrt{s} \Rightarrow$  on-shell production

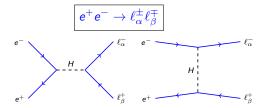
#### On-shell & off-shell production

• On-shell production (based on the process  $ee \rightarrow \ell \ell$ )



• Off-shell production (at resonance when  $m_H \simeq \sqrt{s}$ )

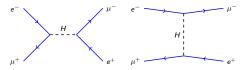
might also be mediated by a (light) gauge boson Z' with LFV couplings [Heeck '16]



#### Constraints on the LFV couplings: on-shell

On-shell production amplitudes depend *linearly* on the LFV couplings

• muonium anti-muonium oscillation:  $(\bar{\mu}e) \leftrightarrow (\mu\bar{e})$   $(h_{e\mu})$ 



Oscillation probablity [Clark, Love '03]

$$\mathcal{P} = rac{2(\Delta M)^2}{\Gamma_{\mu}^2 + 4(\Delta M)^2}$$

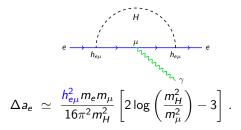
with the *H*-induced mass splitting

$$\Delta M = \frac{2\alpha_{\rm EM}^3 h_{e\mu}^2 \mu^3}{\pi m_H^2}, \quad \mu = \frac{m_e m_\mu}{m_e + m_\mu}$$

#### Constraints on the LFV couplings: on-shell

• Electron and muon  $g - 2 (h_{e\ell}, h_{\mu\ell})$ 

[Lindner, Platscher, Queiroz '16]



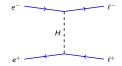
The value of  $h_{e\mu}$  to explain  $(g-2)_{\mu}$  discrepancy is excluded by the  $(g-2)_e$  constraint.

$$\Delta a_\mu \equiv \Delta a_\mu^{
m exp} - \Delta a_\mu^{
m th} = (2.87\pm0.80) imes10^{-9}$$

## Constraints on the LFV couplings: on-shell

• Bhabha scattering, LEP  $ee \rightarrow \ell\ell$  data  $(h_{e\ell})$ 

[OPAL '03; L3 '03; DELPHI '05]



Effective 4-fermion interaction

$$\frac{h_{e\ell}^2}{m_H^2}(\bar{e}\ell)(\bar{e}\ell) \xrightarrow{\text{Fierz transformation}} \frac{1}{\Lambda^2} (\bar{e}\gamma_\mu e)(\bar{\ell}\gamma^\mu \ell)$$

If  $m_H \lesssim \sqrt{s}$ , the LEP limits on the cut-off scale  $\Lambda$  do not apply, and we have to consider the kinetic dependence

$$rac{1}{m_H^2} 
ightarrow rac{1}{q^2-m_H^2} \simeq rac{1}{-s\cos heta/2-m_H^2}$$

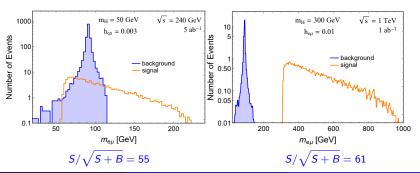
## SM backgrounds: on-shell

Main SM backgronds are particle misidentification for

$$e^+e^- \to \ell^+_{\alpha}\ell^-_{\beta} + X, \quad (\alpha \neq \beta)$$

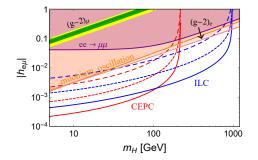
The mis-identification rate is expected to be small, of order  $10^{-3}$  [Milstene, Fisk, Para '06; Hammad, Khalil, Un '16; Yu, Ruan, Boudry+ '17]

Examle:



$$e^+e^- 
ightarrow Zh 
ightarrow (e^+e^-/\mu^+\mu^-)h \rightsquigarrow e^\pm\mu^\mp + h$$

## CEPC & ILC prospects: on-shell

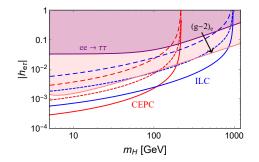


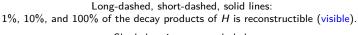
Long-dashed, short-dashed, solid lines: 1%, 10%, and 100% of the decay products of *H* is reconstructible (visible).

Shaded regions are excluded.

Dotted brown line: central values of muon g - 2 anomaly, green and yellow bands: the  $1\sigma$  and  $2\sigma$  regions.

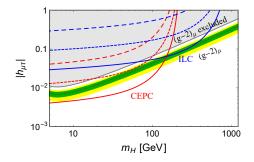
## CEPC & ILC prospects: on-shell





Shaded regions are excluded.

## CEPC & ILC prospects: on-shell



Long-dashed, short-dashed, solid lines:

1%, 10%, and 100% of the decay products of H is reconstructible (visible).

Shaded regions are excluded.

Dotted brown line: central values of muon g-2 anomaly, green and yellow bands: the  $1\sigma$  and  $2\sigma$  regions.

The muon g-2 discrepancy can be directly tested at CEPC via the searches of  $ee \rightarrow \mu \tau + H$ 

## Constraints on the LFV couplings: off-shell

Off-shell production amplitudes depend quadratically on the LFV couplings

• 3-body LFV decays of muon and tauon, e.g. [Sher, Yuan '91]

$$\Gamma(\tau^- \to e^+ e^- e^-) \simeq \frac{1}{\delta} \frac{|h_{ee}^{\dagger} h_{e\tau}|^2 m_{\tau}^5}{3072 \pi^3 m_H^4}, \quad (\delta = 2)$$

• 2-body LFV decays of muon and tauon, e.g. [Harnik, Kopp, Zupan '12]

$$\Gamma( au o e\gamma) = rac{lpha_{
m EM} m_{ au}^5}{64\pi^4} \left( |c_L|^2 + |c_R|^2 
ight) \,, \quad c_L = c_R \simeq rac{h_{ee}^{\dagger} h_{e au}}{24m_H^2} \,.$$

•  $h_{ee, e\mu, e\tau}$  contribute to  $(g - 2)_e$  & LEP  $ee \rightarrow \ell\ell$  data, [DELPHI '05; Hou, Wong '95]

$$egin{array}{ccc} |h^{\dagger}_{ee}h_{e au}| &\Rightarrow & ee 
ightarrow e au \ |h^{\dagger}_{e\mu}h_{e au}| &\Rightarrow & ee 
ightarrow \mu au \ (t ext{-channel}) \end{array}$$

process	current data	constraints $[GeV^{-2}]$
$\mu^-  ightarrow { m e}^- { m e}^+ { m e}^-$	$< 10^{-12}$	$  h_{ee}^{\dagger}h_{e\mu} /m_{H}^{2} < 6.6  imes 10^{-11}$
$ au^-  ightarrow e^- e^+ e^-$	$< 2.7  imes 10^{-8}$	$ h_{ee}^{\dagger}h_{e\tau} /m_{H}^{2} < 2.6 \times 10^{-8}$
$ au^-  ightarrow \mu^- {\it e}^+ {\it e}^-$	$< 1.8  imes 10^{-8}$	$ h_{ee}^{\dagger}h_{\mu au} /m_{H}^{2} < 1.5 imes 10^{-8}$
$ au^-  ightarrow \mu^+ e^- e^-$	$< 1.5  imes 10^{-8}$	$ h_{e\mu}^{\dagger}h_{e au} /m_{H}^{2} < 1.9  imes 10^{-8}$
$\tau^- \to {\rm e}^- \gamma$	$< 3.3  imes 10^{-8}$	$ h_{ee}^{\dagger}h_{e au} /m_{H}^{2} < 1.0  imes 10^{-6}$
$\tau^- \to \mu^- \gamma$	< 4.4 $ imes$ 10 <sup>-8</sup>	$ h_{e\mu}^{\dagger}h_{e au} /m_{H}^{2} < 1.2  imes 10^{-6}$
$(g-2)_{e}$	$< 5.0  imes 10^{-13}$	$ h_{ee}^{\dagger}h_{e au} /m_{H}^{2} < 1.1  imes 10^{-7}$
		$ h_{e\mu}^{\dagger}h_{e au} /m_{H}^{2} < 1.0  imes 10^{-8}$
$ee \rightarrow ee,   au  au$	$\Lambda > 5.7 \& 6.3 \text{ TeV}$	$ h_{ee}^{\dagger}h_{e au} /m_{H}^{2} < 1.4  imes 10^{-7}$
$ee  ightarrow \mu \mu,   au  au$	$\Lambda > 5.7 \& 7.9 \text{ TeV}$	$ h_{e\mu}^{\dagger}h_{e au} /m_{H}^{2} < 1.3 imes 10^{-7}$

The  $\mu \rightarrow 3e$  limit is so strong that the it leaves no hope to see any signal in the channel  $ee \rightarrow e\mu$  at CEPC & ILC.

# SM backgrounds: off-shell

Main SM backgrounds:

$$e^+e^- 
ightarrow W^+W^- 
ightarrow \ell^+_lpha \ell^-_eta 
u ar
u$$

The backgrounds can be well controlled by

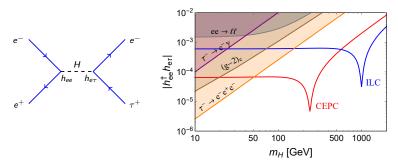
[Kabachenko, Pirogov '97; Cho, Shimo '16; Bian, Shu, YCZ '15]

requiring that the constructed energy  $E_{\ell} \simeq \sqrt{s}/2$ ,

kinetic distribution analysis of the backgrounds and signals

## CEPC & ILC prospects: off-shell

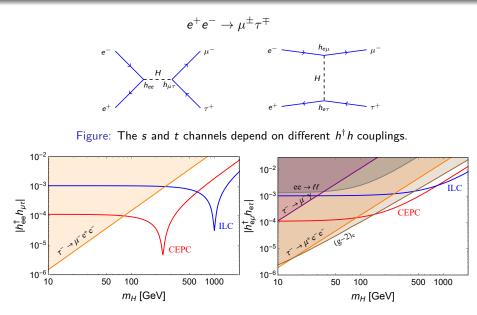
$$e^+e^- 
ightarrow e^\pm au^\mp$$



Resonance effect at  $m_H \simeq \sqrt{s}$  for both CEPC & ILC Width  $\Gamma_H = 10 (30)$  GeV at CEPC (ILC)

The off-shell scalar could be probed up to few TeV scale.

## CEPC & ILC prospects: off-shell



## Conclusion

- A large variety of well-motivated models accommodate a BSM scalar with LFV couplings to the SM leptons, arising at tree or loop level.
- These LFV couplings can be studied in a *model-independent* way at future lepton colliders like CEPC, ILC, FCC-ee & CLIC, which strengthens the physics case for future lepton colliders.
- The BSM neutral scalar H can be produced on-shell via  $e^+e^- \rightarrow \ell_{\alpha}^{\pm}\ell_{\beta}^{\mp} + H$ or off-shell via  $e^+e^- \rightarrow \ell_{\alpha}^{\pm}\ell_{\beta}^{\mp}$ .
- It is promising future lepton colliders could probe a broad region of  $m_H$  and  $h_{\alpha\beta}$  that goes well beyond the existing LFV constraints.
- The scalar mass and couplings for the explanation of the muon g-2 anomaly can be directly tested at future lepton colliders in  $e^+e^- \rightarrow \mu^{\pm}\tau^{\mp} + H$ .

# Thank you for your attention!